		TELL VILLELIMIT				
STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)	734 123-1 ANTO: 36				
COUNTY OF KERSHAW)	ORDINANCE NO. 104.2024 JANGER OF BOUTOT				
	AN ORDINANCE	CERSION CONTRY S.C.				

FILED FOR PRODUCT

TO AMEND THE KERSHAW COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA UNIFIED CODE OF ZONING AND LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS, SECTION 3:1.3, TABLE 3-4 TO PROVIDE GREATER CLARITY TO THE DISTINCTION IN MAXIMUM ALLOWED RESIDENTIAL DWELLING DENSITIES BETWEEN SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT AND MULTIFAMILY/APARTMENT DEVELOPMENT.

Be it ordained by the Council of Kershaw County, South Carolina:

Section 1. Findings and Determinations.

The Council finds and determines that:

- (a) By Ordinance 397.2023 Kershaw County Council enacted amendments to the Kershaw County Zoning and Land Use Regulations (ZLDR) to partially address the potential impacts of high-density residential development.
- (b) By Ordinance 397.2023 Kershaw County Council amended ZLDR Section 3:1.3 Table 3-4 to increase the minimum lot size requirements for single family residential development to no less than 15,000 square feet in all zoning districts where residential uses are allowed.
- (c) Section 3:1.3 Table 3-4 contains notations and calculation methods for the permitted maximum housing densities for both single family residential housing and multifamily/apartment housing.
- (d) Section 3:1.3 Table 3-4 provides that the maximum density for single-family residential development types is 4.35 dwelling units per acre (dua) and the maximum density for multifamily/apartments is of 6.71 dua and the stated maximum densities clearly reflect the policy goals of Kershaw County Council in enacting Ordinance 397.2023.
- (e) The Maximum Density portion of Section 3:1.3 Table 3-4 lists as the maximum density of any zoning district the density associated with the most intensive housing type allowed in that zoning district. For the R-6, B-2, B-3, and GD districts the listed maximum density is for multifamily/apartment because that is the most intensive housing type and the greatest density allowed in those districts.
- (f) Section 3:1.3 Table 3-4 of the ZLDR should be amended to also specify the maximum density of single-family residential development projects is 4.35 dua in the R-6, B-2, B-3, and GD zoning districts so that the distinction in the maximum allowed density for single-family residential development (4.35 dua) and multifamily/apartment development (6.71 dua) is more explicit.

<u>Section 2.</u> Amendment of the Kershaw County, South Carolina Unified Code of Zoning and Land Development Regulations (ZLDR)

Section 3:1.3 Table 3-4, Schedule of Lot Area, Yard Setback, Height, Density Floor Area, and Impervious Surface Requirements by District for Residential Uses, is amended as set forth in "Exhibit 1" attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference.

Section 3. Severability.

If any section, subsection, or clause of this ordinance is held to be unconstitutional or otherwise invalid, the validity of the remaining sections, subsections and clauses shall not be affected.

Section 4. Conflicting Provisions.

To the extent this ordinance contains provisions that conflict with provisions contained elsewhere in the Kershaw County Code or other County ordinances, the provisions contained in this ordinance supersede all other provisions and this ordinance is controlling.

Section 5. Effective Date.

This ordinance is effective upon Third Reading.

AND IT IS SO ORDAINED

Dated this 26th day of March, 2024.

KERSHAW COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA

Kaitlyn E. Guirn, Chairwoman, County Council

ATTEST:

Hannah M. Parler, Clerk to Council

First Reading: February 27, 2024 Second Reading: March 12, 2024 Third Reading: March 26, 2024 Public Hearing: March 12, 2024

Kershaw County, South Carolina Unified Code of ZONING AND LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS

KERSHAW COUNTY PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION

REQUEST FOR TEXT AMENDMENT BY KERSHAW COUNTY (CASE 24-05)

PROPOSAL: TO AMEND THE KERSHAW COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA UNIFIED CODE OF ZONING AND LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS, SECTION 3:1.3, TABLE 3-4 TO PROVIDE GREATER CLARITY TO THE DISTINCTION IN MAXIMUM ALLOWED RESIDENTIAL DWELLING DENSITIES BETWEEN SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT AND MULTIFAMILY/APARTMENT DEVELOPMENT.

February 12, 2024 (See page 3 for the Planning & Zoning Commission Action Summary)



STAFF REPORT

KERSHAW COUNTY PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION (February 12, 2024 Meeting)

Request #:

24-05

Applicant:

Kershaw County

Proposal:

TO AMEND THE KERSHAW COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA UNIFIED CODE OF ZONING AND LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS, SECTION 3:1.3, TABLE 3-4 TO PROVIDE GREATER CLARITY TO THE DISTINCTION IN MAXIMUM ALLOWED RESIDENTIAL DWELLING DENSITIES BETWEEN SINGLE FAMILY

RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT AND MULTIFAMILY/APARTMENT

DEVELOPMENT.

Background Summary:

- By Ordinance 397.2023 Kershaw County Council enacted amendments to the Kershaw County Zoning and Land Use Regulations (ZLDR) to partially address the potential impacts of high-density residential development.
- By Ordinance 397.2023 Kershaw County Council amended ZLDR Section 3:1.3 Table 3-4
 to increase the minimum lot size requirements for single family residential
 development to no less than 15,000 square feet in all zoning districts where residential
 uses are allowed.
- Section 3:1.3 Table 3-4 contains notations and calculation methods for the permitted maximum housing densities for both single family residential housing and multifamily/apartment housing.
- Section 3:1.3 Table 3-4 provides that the maximum density for single-family residential development types is 4.35 dwelling units per acre (dua) and the maximum density for multifamily/apartments is of 6.71 dua and the stated maximum densities clearly reflect the policy goals of Kershaw County Council in enacting Ordinance 397.2023.
- The Maximum Density portion of Section 3:1.3 Table 3-4 lists as the maximum density
 of any zoning district the density associated with the most intensive housing type
 allowed in that zoning district. For the R-6, B-2, B-3, and GD districts the listed
 maximum density is for multifamily/apartment because that is the most intensive
 housing type and the greatest density allowed in those districts.



Section 3:1.3 Table 3-4 of the ZLDR should be amended to also specify the maximum density of single-family residential development projects is 4.35 dua in the R-6, B-2, B-3, and GD zoning districts so that the distinction in the maximum allowed density for single-family residential development (4.35 dua) and multifamily/apartment development (6.71 dua) is more explicit.

• Planning Commission Options:

Reviewing a request for a text amendment the Planning and Zoning Commission may:

- 1. Forward a favorable recommendation to the Kershaw County Council
- 2. Forward an unfavorable recommendation to the Kershaw County Council
- 3. Continue to the review to the next Planning Commission Meeting

The Kershaw County Council makes all final decisions regarding text amendment applications. Kershaw County Council must also hold a public hearing for this text amendment prior to third reading of the amendment ordinance.

Attachments:

- Exhibit 1: Text amendment language
- Draft County Council Ordinance for reference

Planning and Zoning Commission Action Summary

On February 12, 2024 at the regularly scheduled Planning and Zoning Commission meeting, members present were Fiona Martin, Heather Dykes, Libby Davis, Clifton Emmons, Ned Towell, Robert Horton and Lanny Gunter. No members were absent.

After the staff presentation, Ned Towell made a motion that the Planning and Zoning Commission recommend approval of the text amendment, with a second by Ms. Davis.

There was general discussion among the commission members to clarify the proposed text amendment.

With no further discussion, the vote on the motion to recommend approval of the text amendment was unanimous (7:0) and therefore the matter has been referred to the Kershaw County Council with recommendation for approval.



Exhibit 1 Ordinance No.

Indicates Matter Stricken Indicates New Matter

AREA, YARD, SETBACK, HEIGHT, DENSITY, FLOOR AREA, AND E REQUIREMENTS BY DISTRICT FOR RESIDENTIAL USES rd, Setback, Height, Density, Floor Area, and Impervious Surface Requirements by District RESIDENTIAL USES		MAXIMUM DRNSTrv (B) (*)		2.9	4,35	4.35	6.71	4.35	435	435	NA	4.35	
	nents by District	MAXIMUM	SURFACE RATIO (E)	.50	09:	09'		09:	09.	09.	NA	09'	.40
	rvious Surface Requiren	MAXIMUM BUILDING HEIGHT	(FT.) (D)	35	35	35	7	35	4 storics	35	AN	4 storics	35
K, HB DISTR	s, and Impe	ROM) (C)	REAR	20	20	50	Š	70	20	20	NA	01	30
Table 3-4 SCHEDULE OF LOT AREA, YARD, SETBACK, HEIGHT, DENSITY, FLOOR IMPERVIOUS SURFACE REQUIREMENTS BY DISTRICT FOR RESIDENTIAL Schedule of Lot Area, Yard, Setback, Height, Density, Floor Area, and Impervious Surface Requirements by District RESIDENTIAL USES	Floor Are:	SETBACKS (FT. FROM PROPERTY LINE) (C)	SIDE	01	01	01		2	01	01	NA	01	20
	tht, Density, RESID	SETBA	FRONT	35	25	25	į	ç	35	35	NA	35	35
	Area, Yard, Setback, Heig	STREET FRONTAGE WIDTH (FT.) (B)	·	80	7.5	50	472	nc .	40	40	NA	20	001
	Schedule of Lot	AREA (SQ FT.) (A) (*)		15,000 (.34 acre)	15,000 (.34 acre) single family 5,000 (.115 acre) each additional dwelling unit.	15,000 (.34 acre) single family 5,000 (.115 acre) cach additional dwelling unit.	() () () () () () () () () ()	15,000 (.34 acre) 5,000 (.115 acre) cach additional dwelling unit.	15,000 (,34 acre) 5,000 (,115 acre) each additional dwelling unit.	15,000 (.34 acre) 5,000 (.115 acre) cach additional	owening oun. NA	15,000 (.34 acre) 5,000 (.115 acre) each additional dwelling unit.	43,560 (1 acrc)
Table 3		DISTRICT		R-15	R-10	R-6		5	B-2	B-3		Œ	RD-1, RD-2, & MRD-1

- NOTES

 SQ. FT. = square feet FT. = feet (NA) = Not Applicable

 (*) Minimum lot size for each dwelling type (single family home, duplex, triplex, quadruplex, to the minimum lot size for each additional by using the 15,000 sq. ft. minimum lot area for single family and then adding 5,000 sq. ft. to the minimum lot size for each additional

- dwelling unit. For example, a duplex consists of two dwelling units and requires a minimum lot size of 20,000 sq. ft. (15,000 sq. ft. plus 5,000 sq. ft.). The maximum density for a multifamily apartment use is 6.71 dwelling units per acre utilizing this formula. The maximum density for a single-family residential development project is 4.35 dwelling units per acre.
- (A) The minimum lot size in R-15, R-10, R-6, O-1, B-2, B-3, I-1, and GD zoning districts for lots without access to public sewer or community The minimum lot size in R-15, R-10, R-6, O-I, B-2, B-3, I-1, and GD zoning districts for lots without access to public sewer or community onsite sewage treatment and disposal systems and public water (lots on septic tank and well) shall be three quarters (34) of an acre (.75 acre) onsite sewage treatment and disposal systems but on public water shall be one-half (1/2) an acre (.50 acre).
 - As measured on street frontage unless on cul-de-sacs or on curbs less than ninety (90) degrees.
 - (C) Refer to yard and setback modification provisions of this Ordinance.
- (D) Measurement from average elevation of finished grade within twenty (20) feet of the structure to the bottom of the eave. Refer to exceptions.
 - (E) Measured as a percent of total lot area.(F) Measurement in units per gross acre.